Revision History

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HighPoint RR2720A RAID Controller Linux Fedora Installation Guide

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1 Overview

The purpose of this document is to provide clear instructions on how to install Linux Fedora on the RR2720A RAID controller.

♦ Supported system: Fedora 36/37

♦ Supported controller: RR2720A

2 Installing Linux Fedora on RR2720A RAID controller

If you would like to install Linux Fedora onto drives attached to RR2720A RAID controller, please perform the following operations:

Step 1 Prepare Your Hardware for Installation

After you attach your hard disks to RAID controller, you can use **EFI Utility** to configure your hard disks as RAID arrays, or just use them as single disks.

Before installation, you must remove all the Hard disks, which are not physically attached to RAID controller, from your system.

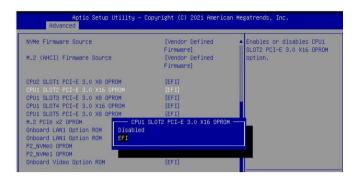
Note

RAID Controller support EFI boot. If you have other SCSI adapters installed, you must make sure the RR2720A controller EFI will be loaded firstly. If not, try to move it to another PCI slot. Otherwise you may be unable to boot up your system.

Step 2 Check System EFI Settings

In your system EFI SETUP menu, change **Boot Sequence** in such a way that the system will first boot from **EFI** CDROM or **EFI** a Bootable USB drive, after you finish installation, set RR2720A as the first boot device to boot up the system. Refer to your motherboard EFI manual to see how to set boot sequence.

- 1. Set UEFI setting with SuperMicro X11DPi-NT motherboard as an example.
 - a. "Advanced->PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration->CPUSlot PCI-E OPROM"
 to "EFI". Suppose RAID Controller is connected to motherboard CPU1 Slot 2
 PCI-E X16, then you should set "CPU1 Slot 2 PCI-E X16 OPROM" to "EFI";



b. Disable "Secure Boot", set "Attempt Secure Boot" to "Disabled".



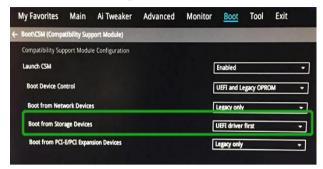
- 2. Set UEFI setting with GA-X570 AORUS MASTER motherboard as an example.
 - a. Set "Boot->CSM Support " to "Enabled";



b. And" Boot-> Storage Boot Option Control " to "UEFI Only";



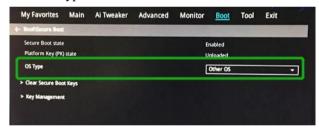
- 3. Set UEFI setting with ASUS PRIME X299 -DELUXE motherboard as an example:
 - a. Set "Boot from Storage Devices" to "UEFI driver first";



b. And "Boot Device Control" to "UEFI Only" or "UEFI and Legacy OPROM";



c. Set "OS Type" to "Other OS".

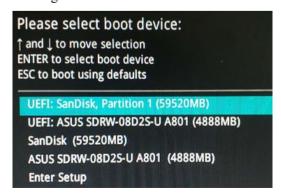


Step 3 Flash UEFI Rom to RAID Controller

For Example RR2720A:

Note: Make sure your USB flash partition format is FAT32.

- a. Unzip RR2720A UEFI package to root dir(/) of a USB flash drive, and insert the USB flash drive to the motherboard;
- b. Booting from the UEFI USB flash and enter the UEFI environment;



c. Command with "rr2720.nsh", flash UEFI rom to RR2720A Controller and reboot;

```
FS2:\> rr2720.nsh
FS2:\> load.efi 2720uefi.rom
Load Utility for Flash EPROM v1.1.3
  (built at Oct 20 2021 16:39:13)

Found adapter 0x27201103 at PCI 1:0:0
Flash size 0x10000, File size 0xf600
Offset address 0x0
EPROM Vendor: WINBOND W25X40BV
Erasing ....Suceeded
Flashing ....
Flashing Success (total retry 0)

Verifing ....
Passed !
FS2:\>
```

Step 4 Create Array

- a. Attach two hard disks to RR2720A Controller;
- b. Boot, enter the motherboard's Boot List and select start from UEFI USB flash:

```
Boot Override

UEFI: USB, Partition 1

(B97/DO/FO) UEFI PXE: IPv4 Intel(R) I350 Gigabit Network

Connection(MAC:3cecef40a1dc)
```

c. Command "ArrayCreate.efi" to enter the Utility:

d. Command "create RAID0".

Create RAID0 array with all disks and with maximum capacity.

- e. Command "exit";
- f. For more command usages, refer to Appendix A.

Step 5 Prepare the Driver Diskette

The directory named hptdd can be created in the USB flash drive and the driver RR272x _ 1x_fedora37_x86_64 _ vx.x.x_xx_xx_xx_xx_tgz can be extracted in the hptdd directory. It will look like:

```
[root@fedora home] # tar zxvf RR272x_1x_fedora37_x86_64_v1.10.19_23_04_10.tgz
install.sh
modinfo
modules.alias
modules.cgz
modules.dep
modules.pcimap
pci.ids
pcitable
readme.txt
rhdd
rhel-install-step1.sh
rhel-install-step2.sh
```

Step 6 Install Linux Fedora

For Example: Fedora37

- a. Before you do the following, verify the status of your network environment. To ensure a proper installation, it is recommended to disconnect the network and install the system in a network less environment.
- b. Insert the USB flash drive to the target system.
- c. Booting from Bootable USB drive (EFI mode).
- d. When the Installation screen appears, press 'e' to edit boot command line option.

```
*Start Fedora–Workstation–Live 37
Test this media & start Fedora–Workstation–Live 37
Troubleshooting ––>
```

On the edit command window, move the cursor to the end of line "linuxefi /images / pxeboot... ", and append " **modprobe.blacklist=mvsas** " (double quotation mark are not include).

```
setparams 'Start Fedora-Workstation-Live 37'

linuxefi /images/pxeboot/vmlinuz root=live:CDLABEL=Fedora-WS-Live-37-1-7 rd.live.image\
quiet rhgb modprobe.blacklist=mvsas_
initrdefi /images/pxeboot/initrd.img
```

Press CTRL+X or F10 to start the system.

e. When the following window appears during the installation process,



Press Ctrl+ALT+F3 to switch to the shell on console and press Enter to activate this console.

Localhost-live login: root

```
Fedora Linux 37 (Workstation Edition)
Kernel 6.0.7-301.fc37.x86_64 on an x86_64 (tty3)
localhost-live login: _
```

And then execute following commands to copy the driver contents:

mount /dev/sdb1 /hptdd/ ← Mount the USB flash drive to /hptdd

cp -a /hptdd/hptdd /tmp/ ← Copy driver installation file to system temporary

directory

umount /dev/sdb1 ← Unmount the USB flash drive

```
[root@localhost-live ~]# mkdir /hptdd
[root@localhost-live ~]# mount /dev/sdb1 /hptdd/
[root@localhost-live ~]# cp -a /hptdd/hptdd/ /tmp/
[root@localhost-live ~]# umount /dev/sdb1
```

When the USB flash drive is unmounted, please unplug the USB flash drive from the mainboard. And then execute following command to install driver to install the Linux Fedora.

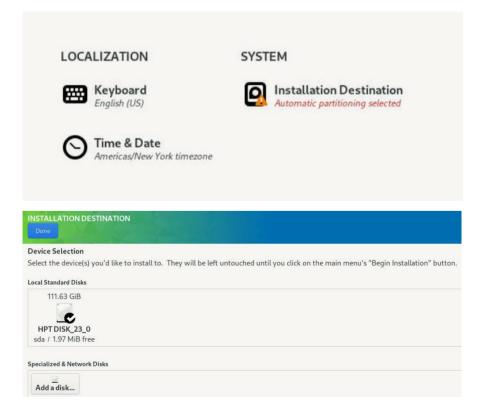
sh /tmp/hptdd/rhel-install-step1.sh ← Load RR2720A driver.

```
[root@localhost-live ~]# sh /tmp/hptdd/rhel-install-step1.sh
Driver Installation
Driver installation step 1 completed.
[root@localhost-live ~]# _
```

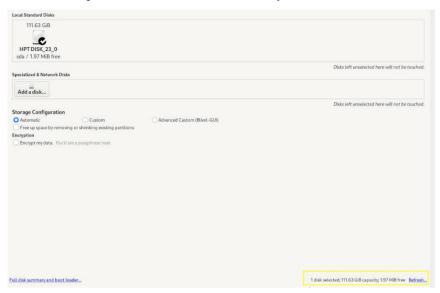
f. Then press **ALT+F1** to switch back to installation screen and choose Install to Hard Drive.



g. Select Installation Destination and choose your own disk.



Note: If not, please click "refresh" and choose your own disk.



h. When the screen shows that "Complete!".



press Ctrl+ALT+F3 to the shell and type the following commands:

- # cp -r /tmp/hptdd /mnt/sysimage/tmp/hptdd
- # chroot /mnt/sysimage
- # sh /tmp/hptdd/rhel-install-step2.sh
- # rm -rf/tmp/hptdd
- # exit

```
[root@localhost-live ~1# cp -r /tmp/hptdd /mnt/sysimage/tmp/hptdd
[root@localhost-live ~1# chroot /mnt/sysimage/
[root@localhost-live /1# sh /tmp/hptdd/rhel-install-step2.sh

Driver Installation

Updating 6.0.7-301.fc37.x86_64...

Driver installation step 2 completed.

[root@localhost-live /1# rm -rf /tmp/hptdd/
[root@localhost-live /1# exit
exit
[root@localhost-live ~1#
```

- i. Press ALT+F1 and press finish installation.
- i. Then restart



- k. If you want to boot from another kernel, please install the RR Series opensource driver after entering the system.
- 1. Restart to enter the system, please connect to the internet:

Linux opensource driver link, open the following link to enter the "Software Download" page to download:

RR2700 Series: https://www.highpoint-tech.com/rr272x-overview

Extract driver package:

tar zxvf RR272x_1x_Linux_Src_vx.xx.xx_xx_xx_xx.tar.gz

Run the .bin file to install the driver package.

./rr272x 1x-linux-src vxx.x.x xx xx xx.bin or

sh rr272x 1x-linux-src vxx.x.x xx xx xx.bin

```
[root@fedora home]# ./rr272x_1x-linux-src-v1.11.0-23_03_17.bin
Verifying archive integrity... All good.
Uncompressing RR272x_1x Linux Open Source package installer....
Checking and installing required toolchain and utility ...
Found program make (/usr/bin/make)
Found program gcc (/usr/bin/gcc)
Found program perl (/usr/bin/perl)
Found program wget (/usr/bin/wget)
Installing library elfutils-libelf-devel ...
```

m. Follow the prompts to complete the driver installation.

```
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/default.target.wants/hptdrv-monitor.service

→ /usr/lib/systemd/system/hptdrv-monitor.service.

SUCCESS: Driver rr272x_1x is installed successfully for kernel 6.0.7-301.fc37.x8
6_64.

Please restart the system for the driver to take effect.

If you want to uninstall the driver from the computer, please run hptuninrr272x_
1x to uninstall the driver files.

remove conflicting module mvsas successfully
[root@fedora home]#
```

n. After the installation is complete, you can perform system update operations.

3 Monitoring the Driver

Once the driver is running, you can monitor it through the Linux proc file system support. There is a special file under /proc/scsi/rr272x_1x. Through this file you can view driver status and send control commands to the driver.

Note

The file name is the SCSI host number allocated by OS. If you have no other SCSI cards installed, it will be 0. In the following sections, we will use x to represent this number.

Using the following command to show driver status:

```
# cat /proc/scsi/rr272x 1x /x
```

This command will show the driver version number, physical device list and logical device list.

4 Installing RAID Management Software

HighPoint RAID Management Software is used to configure and keep track of your hard disks and RAID arrays attached to RR2720A RAID controller. Installation of the management software is optional but recommended.

Please refer to HighPoint RAID Management Software documents for more information.

5 Troubleshooting

If you do not install the system or update the kernel according to the installation manual, the system will crash and you will not be able to enter. Please follow the steps below.

a. Choose "Fedora Linux (6.0.7-301.fc37.x86_64)" and press enter the system

```
*Fedora Linux (6.0.7–301.fc37.x86_64) 37 (Workstation Edition)
Fedora Linux (0-rescue-e57fecc0524e40ada3d8e060168aae51) 37 (Workstation E▶
FreeDOS (on /dev/sdc1)
UEFI Firmware Settings
```

- b. Install Linux Opensource driver.
- Linux Opensource driver link, open the following link to enter the "Software
 Download" page to download:

RR2700 Series: https://www.highpoint-tech.com/rr272x-overview

d. Run the .bin file to install the driver package.

```
./rr272x_1x-linux-src_vxx.x.x_xx_xx_xx.bin or
sh rr272x_1x-linux-src_vxx.x.x_xx_xx_xx.bin
```

```
[root@fedora home]# ./rr272x_1x-linux-src-v1.11.0-23_03_17.bin
Verifying archive integrity... All good.
Uncompressing RR272x_1x Lihux Open Source package installer....
Checking and installing required toolchain and utility ...
Found program make (/usr/bin/make)
Found program gcc (/usr/bin/gcc)
Found program perl (/usr/bin/perl)
Found program wget (/usr/bin/wget)
Installing library elfutils-libelf-devel ...
```

e. Follow the prompts to complete the driver installation.

```
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/default.target.wants/hptdrv-monitor.service

→ /usr/lib/systemd/system/hptdrv-monitor.service.

SUCCESS: Driver rr272x_1x is installed successfully for kernel 6.0.7-301.fc37.x8
6_64.

Please restart the system for the driver to take effect.

If you want to uninstall the driver from the computer, please run hptuninrr272x_
1x to uninstall the driver files.
remove conflicting module mvsas successfully
[root@fedora home]#
```

6 Rebuilding Driver Module for System Update

When the system updates the kernel packages, the driver module rr272x_1x.ko should be built and installed manually before reboot.

Please refer to the README file distributed with HighPoint RR2720A RAID Controller opensource package on how to build and install the driver module.

7 Appendix A

Support command: help/info/quit/exit/create/delete

• Create Command Syntax

```
Create Array Type (RAID0/1/10/5/50) Member Disk list (1/1, 1/2|*) Capacity (100|*)
```

Note:

The RR2720A controllers can support RAID0/1/10/5/50

Examples

```
<<c create RAID0
</< create RAID0 *</pre>
```

<<< create RAID0 * *

Create RAID0 array with all disks and with maximum capacity.

```
<<< create RAID1 1/1, 1/3 10
```

Create RAID1 array with disk 1/1 and 1/3 and with 10GB capacity.

```
<<< create RAID10 *
```

Create RAID10 array with all disks and with maximum capacity.

```
<<< create RAID5 *
```

Create RAID5 array with all disks and with maximum capacity.

```
<< create RAID50,3 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5, 1/6
```

Create RAID50 array with disk 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5, 1/6 and with sub

member count 3 and with maximum capacity.

Delete Command

Syntax

delete {array ID}

Examples

<<< delete 1

Delete the first array from Logical device list.

<<< delete 2

Delete the second array from Logical device list.

Info Command Syntax

info

Display physical device list and logical list

• Exit Command Syntax

Q/q/quit/exit

Quit the application

Help Command Syntax

H/h/help

This is help message.